

BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT OF THE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME

BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT OF THE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME IS A CRITICAL COMPONENT IN UNDERSTANDING AND MANAGING THE COMPLEX MANIFESTATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL CONDITION. DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME REFERS TO A CLUSTER OF COGNITIVE, EMOTIONAL, AND BEHAVIORAL DIFFICULTIES PRIMARILY RESULTING FROM FRONTAL LOBE DAMAGE OR DYSFUNCTION. COMPREHENSIVE BEHAVIORAL EVALUATIONS ARE ESSENTIAL FOR IDENTIFYING SPECIFIC DEFICITS IN EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS SUCH AS PLANNING, PROBLEM-SOLVING, AND IMPULSE CONTROL. THIS ARTICLE PROVIDES AN IN-DEPTH EXPLORATION OF THE METHODS AND TOOLS USED IN THE BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT OF THE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME, HIGHLIGHTING THEIR CLINICAL RELEVANCE AND APPLICATION. FURTHERMORE, IT DISCUSSES COMMON BEHAVIORAL MANIFESTATIONS, STANDARDIZED ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENTS, AND CHALLENGES INVOLVED IN THE DIAGNOSTIC PROCESS. THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS WILL GUIDE READERS THROUGH THE ESSENTIAL ASPECTS OF BEHAVIOURAL EVALUATION FOR DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME, ENSURING A THOROUGH UNDERSTANDING OF THIS MULTIFACETED DISORDER.

- UNDERSTANDING DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME
- BEHAVIORAL MANIFESTATIONS OF DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME
- APPROACHES TO BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT
- STANDARDIZED TOOLS AND MEASURES
- CHALLENGES IN BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT

UNDERSTANDING DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME

DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME ENCOMPASSES A RANGE OF IMPAIRMENTS AFFECTING EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS, WHICH ARE COGNITIVE PROCESSES NECESSARY FOR GOAL-DIRECTED BEHAVIOR. THESE FUNCTIONS INCLUDE PLANNING, COGNITIVE FLEXIBILITY, WORKING MEMORY, INHIBITION, AND PROBLEM-SOLVING. THE SYNDROME OFTEN ARISES DUE TO DAMAGE TO THE PREFRONTAL CORTEX, WHICH PLAYS A PIVOTAL ROLE IN REGULATING THESE HIGHER-ORDER FUNCTIONS. UNDERSTANDING THE NEUROANATOMICAL AND FUNCTIONAL BASIS OF DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME IS VITAL FOR CONDUCTING AN EFFECTIVE BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT OF THE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME.

NEUROANATOMICAL BASIS

THE PREFRONTAL LOBES, PARTICULARLY THE DORSOLATERAL PREFRONTAL CORTEX, ORBITOFRONTAL CORTEX, AND ANTERIOR CINGULATE CORTEX, ARE PRIMARILY IMPLICATED IN DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME. DAMAGE TO THESE AREAS DISRUPTS THE NEURAL CIRCUITS RESPONSIBLE FOR EXECUTIVE CONTROL, RESULTING IN CHARACTERISTIC BEHAVIORAL AND COGNITIVE DEFICITS. ADDITIONALLY, SUBCORTICAL STRUCTURES AND THEIR CONNECTIONS WITH THE FRONTAL CORTEX MAY ALSO CONTRIBUTE TO THE SYNDROME.

EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS AFFECTED

EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS ARE MULTIFACETED AND INCLUDE:

- **PLANNING:** THE ABILITY TO FORMULATE, ORGANIZE, AND SEQUENCE ACTIONS TOWARD A GOAL.
- **INHIBITION:** THE CAPACITY TO SUPPRESS INAPPROPRIATE RESPONSES OR BEHAVIORS.
- **COGNITIVE FLEXIBILITY:** THE SKILL TO ADAPT THINKING AND BEHAVIOR IN RESPONSE TO CHANGING ENVIRONMENTS.

- **WORKING MEMORY:** HOLDING AND MANIPULATING INFORMATION OVER SHORT PERIODS.
- **PROBLEM SOLVING:** IDENTIFYING SOLUTIONS TO COMPLEX OR NOVEL SITUATIONS.

BEHAVIORAL MANIFESTATIONS OF DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME

BEHAVIORAL SYMPTOMS ARE CENTRAL TO THE IDENTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT OF DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME. THESE MANIFESTATIONS OFTEN INTERFERE WITH DAILY FUNCTIONING AND SOCIAL INTERACTIONS. RECOGNIZING THESE BEHAVIORAL PATTERNS IS CRUCIAL FOR ACCURATE DIAGNOSIS AND FOR TAILORING INTERVENTION STRATEGIES.

COMMON BEHAVIORAL SYMPTOMS

INDIVIDUALS WITH DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME MAY EXHIBIT A VARIETY OF BEHAVIORAL CHANGES, INCLUDING:

- **DISINHIBITION:** IMPULSIVE ACTIONS AND DIFFICULTY CONTROLLING SOCIALLY INAPPROPRIATE BEHAVIOR.
- **APATHY:** REDUCED MOTIVATION OR EMOTIONAL RESPONSIVENESS.
- **PERSEVERATION:** REPETITIVE OR CONTINUOUS BEHAVIOR OR SPEECH DESPITE CHANGING CONTEXTS.
- **DIFFICULTY INITIATING TASKS:** STRUGGLES WITH STARTING ACTIVITIES INDEPENDENTLY.
- **POOR JUDGMENT AND DECISION-MAKING:** INABILITY TO EVALUATE CONSEQUENCES EFFECTIVELY.

IMPACT ON DAILY LIFE

THE BEHAVIORAL DISTURBANCES LINKED TO DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME CAN LEAD TO CHALLENGES IN OCCUPATIONAL PERFORMANCE, SOCIAL RELATIONSHIPS, AND SELF-CARE. FOR INSTANCE, IMPULSIVITY MAY RESULT IN RISKY BEHAVIORS, WHILE APATHY CAN CAUSE NEGLECT OF IMPORTANT RESPONSIBILITIES. THEREFORE, ASSESSING THESE BEHAVIORS SYSTEMATICALLY IS ESSENTIAL FOR CREATING EFFECTIVE MANAGEMENT PLANS.

APPROACHES TO BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT

THE BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT OF THE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME INTEGRATES CLINICAL OBSERVATION, STRUCTURED INTERVIEWS, AND PERFORMANCE-BASED TASKS TO CAPTURE THE MULTIFACETED NATURE OF EXECUTIVE DYSFUNCTION. A THOROUGH ASSESSMENT AIMS TO IDENTIFY SPECIFIC DEFICITS, THEIR SEVERITY, AND THEIR IMPACT ON DAILY FUNCTIONING.

CLINICAL OBSERVATION

DIRECT OBSERVATION OF BEHAVIOR IN NATURALISTIC OR CLINICAL SETTINGS PROVIDES VALUABLE INSIGHTS INTO THE PRESENCE OF DYSEXECUTIVE SYMPTOMS. CLINICIANS MONITOR SPONTANEOUS BEHAVIORS SUCH AS IMPULSIVITY, EMOTIONAL RESPONSES, AND PROBLEM-SOLVING APPROACHES DURING INTERACTIONS.

STRUCTURED INTERVIEWS AND QUESTIONNAIRES

INFORMANT-BASED ASSESSMENTS, INCLUDING INTERVIEWS AND RATING SCALES COMPLETED BY CAREGIVERS OR FAMILY MEMBERS,

ARE CRUCIAL FOR OBTAINING A COMPREHENSIVE BEHAVIORAL PROFILE. THESE TOOLS CAPTURE BEHAVIORS THAT MAY NOT BE APPARENT DURING CLINICAL VISITS.

PERFORMANCE-BASED ASSESSMENTS

TASKS DESIGNED TO EVALUATE EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS UNDER CONTROLLED CONDITIONS ALLOW FOR OBJECTIVE MEASUREMENT OF DEFICITS. THESE ASSESSMENTS OFTEN REQUIRE PLANNING, INHIBITION, OR COGNITIVE FLEXIBILITY, PROVIDING QUANTIFIABLE DATA ON EXECUTIVE ABILITIES.

STANDARDIZED TOOLS AND MEASURES

SEVERAL VALIDATED INSTRUMENTS EXIST FOR THE BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT OF THE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME. THESE TOOLS ARE DESIGNED TO SYSTEMATICALLY EVALUATE EXECUTIVE DYSFUNCTION AND ASSOCIATED BEHAVIORAL SYMPTOMS, AIDING IN DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT PLANNING.

BEHAVIORAL ASSESSMENT OF THE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME (BADS)

THE BADS IS A WIDELY USED BATTERY SPECIFICALLY DEVELOPED TO ASSESS EXECUTIVE DYSFUNCTION THROUGH ECOLOGICALLY VALID TASKS. IT INCLUDES SUBTESTS MEASURING PLANNING, PROBLEM-SOLVING, AND COGNITIVE FLEXIBILITY, REFLECTING REAL-WORLD CHALLENGES FACED BY PATIENTS.

DYSEXECUTIVE QUESTIONNAIRE (DEX)

THE DEX IS A SELF-REPORT OR INFORMANT-REPORT QUESTIONNAIRE THAT EVALUATES BEHAVIORAL CHANGES RELATED TO EXECUTIVE DYSFUNCTION. IT COVERS EMOTIONAL, MOTIVATIONAL, AND COGNITIVE ASPECTS, PROVIDING A COMPREHENSIVE OVERVIEW OF DYSEXECUTIVE SYMPTOMS.

OTHER NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL TESTS

ADDITIONAL TESTS FREQUENTLY EMPLOYED INCLUDE THE WISCONSIN CARD SORTING TEST (WCST), STROOP TEST, AND TRAIL MAKING TEST, EACH TARGETING SPECIFIC EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS. COMBINING THESE WITH BEHAVIORAL SCALES ENHANCES THE ROBUSTNESS OF THE ASSESSMENT.

CHALLENGES IN BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT

DESPITE THE AVAILABILITY OF NUMEROUS TOOLS, SEVERAL CHALLENGES COMPLICATE THE BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT OF THE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME. AWARENESS OF THESE DIFFICULTIES IS ESSENTIAL FOR ACCURATE INTERPRETATION AND CLINICAL DECISION-MAKING.

VARIABILITY OF SYMPTOMS

THE HETEROGENEITY IN SYMPTOM PRESENTATION ACROSS INDIVIDUALS MAKES STANDARDIZATION DIFFICULT. BEHAVIORAL MANIFESTATIONS CAN FLUCTUATE DEPENDING ON ENVIRONMENTAL DEMANDS, MOOD, AND MOTIVATION, NECESSITATING REPEATED OR MULTI-CONTEXTUAL ASSESSMENTS.

SUBJECTIVITY IN REPORTING

INFORMANT REPORTS ARE SUSCEPTIBLE TO BIAS, INCLUDING UNDERREPORTING OR EXAGGERATION OF SYMPTOMS. DIFFERENCES IN CAREGIVERS' PERCEPTIONS AND PATIENTS' INSIGHT LEVELS MAY AFFECT THE ACCURACY OF BEHAVIORAL DATA.

ECOLOGICAL VALIDITY

MANY NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL TESTS LACK ECOLOGICAL VALIDITY, MEANING THEY MAY NOT ACCURATELY REFLECT REAL-LIFE EXECUTIVE CHALLENGES. THIS GAP UNDERScores THE IMPORTANCE OF COMBINING STANDARDIZED TASKS WITH NATURALISTIC OBSERVATION AND INFORMANT INFORMATION.

OVERLAP WITH OTHER CONDITIONS

DYSEXECUTIVE SYMPTOMS MAY OVERLAP WITH PSYCHIATRIC DISORDERS SUCH AS DEPRESSION OR ADHD, COMPLICATING DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSIS. A COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT MUST CONSIDER COMORBIDITIES TO AVOID MISINTERPRETATION OF BEHAVIORS.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT IS THE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME?

DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME IS A CLUSTER OF COGNITIVE, EMOTIONAL, AND BEHAVIORAL DIFFICULTIES RESULTING FROM FRONTAL LOBE DAMAGE, PARTICULARLY AFFECTING EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS SUCH AS PLANNING, PROBLEM-SOLVING, ATTENTION, AND SELF-REGULATION.

WHY IS BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT IMPORTANT IN DIAGNOSING DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME?

BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT IS CRUCIAL BECAUSE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME OFTEN MANIFESTS THROUGH CHANGES IN EVERYDAY BEHAVIOR AND SOCIAL FUNCTIONING, WHICH MAY NOT BE FULLY CAPTURED BY TRADITIONAL NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL TESTS, THUS PROVIDING A COMPREHENSIVE UNDERSTANDING OF THE PATIENT'S IMPAIRMENTS.

WHAT ARE COMMON BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT TOOLS USED FOR DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME?

COMMON TOOLS INCLUDE THE BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT OF THE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME (BADS), DYSEXECUTIVE QUESTIONNAIRE (DEX), AND OBSERVATIONAL CHECKLISTS THAT EVALUATE EXECUTIVE DYSFUNCTION IN REAL-LIFE SCENARIOS.

HOW DOES THE BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT OF THE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME (BADS) WORK?

BADS IS A STANDARDIZED BATTERY OF TESTS DESIGNED TO ASSESS EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS THROUGH TASKS SIMULATING EVERYDAY SITUATIONS, SUCH AS PLANNING, PROBLEM-SOLVING, AND MULTITASKING, HELPING TO IDENTIFY EXECUTIVE DEFICITS ASSOCIATED WITH DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME.

WHAT BEHAVIOURAL SYMPTOMS ARE INDICATIVE OF DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME?

SYMPTOMS INCLUDE DIFFICULTY PLANNING AND ORGANIZING, POOR PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS, IMPULSIVITY, LACK OF INSIGHT, EMOTIONAL DYSREGULATION, AND CHALLENGES IN ADAPTING TO NEW SITUATIONS.

CAN BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT DIFFERENTIATE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME FROM OTHER COGNITIVE IMPAIRMENTS?

YES, BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENTS FOCUSING ON EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS CAN HELP DISTINGUISH DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME FROM OTHER COGNITIVE DISORDERS LIKE MEMORY IMPAIRMENTS OR LANGUAGE DEFICITS BY HIGHLIGHTING SPECIFIC EXECUTIVE DYSFUNCTION PATTERNS.

WHAT ROLE DOES ECOLOGICAL VALIDITY PLAY IN BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENTS OF DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME?

ECOLOGICAL VALIDITY ENSURES THAT THE ASSESSMENT TASKS REFLECT REAL-WORLD CHALLENGES FACED BY PATIENTS, MAKING THE EVALUATION MORE RELEVANT AND PREDICTIVE OF EVERYDAY FUNCTIONING IN INDIVIDUALS WITH DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME.

ARE THERE ANY LIMITATIONS TO BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENTS IN DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME?

LIMITATIONS INCLUDE POTENTIAL SUBJECTIVITY IN OBSERVATIONS, VARIABILITY IN PATIENT MOTIVATION, AND THE INFLUENCE OF EMOTIONAL OR PSYCHIATRIC FACTORS THAT MAY CONFOUND THE INTERPRETATION OF EXECUTIVE DYSFUNCTION.

HOW CAN BEHAVIOURAL ASSESSMENT GUIDE REHABILITATION STRATEGIES FOR DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME?

BY IDENTIFYING SPECIFIC EXECUTIVE DEFICITS AND BEHAVIOURAL PROBLEMS, ASSESSMENTS INFORM TAILORED INTERVENTIONS SUCH AS COGNITIVE REHABILITATION, BEHAVIORAL THERAPY, AND COMPENSATORY STRATEGIES TO IMPROVE DAILY FUNCTIONING AND QUALITY OF LIFE.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

1. *BEHAVIORAL ASSESSMENT OF THE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME*

THIS BOOK PROVIDES A COMPREHENSIVE OVERVIEW OF THE METHODS AND TOOLS USED TO EVALUATE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME, FOCUSING ON BEHAVIORAL ASSESSMENT TECHNIQUES. IT INCLUDES DETAILED DISCUSSIONS ON STANDARDIZED TESTS, ECOLOGICAL VALIDITY, AND THE ROLE OF NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL EVALUATION IN DIAGNOSING EXECUTIVE DYSFUNCTION. THE TEXT IS USEFUL FOR CLINICIANS AND RESEARCHERS INTERESTED IN THE PRACTICAL ASPECTS OF ASSESSMENT.

2. *EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS AND THE FRONTAL LOBES: A LIFESPAN PERSPECTIVE*

OFFERING INSIGHT INTO THE DEVELOPMENT AND ASSESSMENT OF EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS, THIS BOOK ADDRESSES THE IMPACT OF FRONTAL LOBE DAMAGE AND DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME ACROSS DIFFERENT AGE GROUPS. IT COVERS BEHAVIORAL ASSESSMENT STRATEGIES AND THE NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL UNDERPINNINGS OF EXECUTIVE DYSFUNCTION. THE BOOK INTEGRATES CLINICAL CASES TO ILLUSTRATE KEY CONCEPTS.

3. *DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME: ASSESSMENT AND REHABILITATION*

FOCUSING ON BOTH ASSESSMENT AND INTERVENTION, THIS VOLUME EXPLORES BEHAVIORAL MEASURES OF DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME AND EVIDENCE-BASED REHABILITATION APPROACHES. IT HIGHLIGHTS THE CHALLENGES IN EVALUATING EXECUTIVE DEFICITS AND SUGGESTS PRACTICAL FRAMEWORKS FOR TREATMENT PLANNING. CASE STUDIES DEMONSTRATE THE APPLICATION OF BEHAVIORAL ASSESSMENTS IN CLINICAL SETTINGS.

4. *NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME*

THIS TEXT DELVES INTO NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL TOOLS AND BEHAVIORAL TESTS SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED TO IDENTIFY DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME SYMPTOMS. IT EMPHASIZES ECOLOGICAL VALIDITY AND THE IMPORTANCE OF CONTEXT IN ASSESSMENT. THE BOOK IS WELL-SUITED FOR NEUROPSYCHOLOGISTS WHO SEEK TO REFINE THEIR EVALUATION TECHNIQUES FOR EXECUTIVE DYSFUNCTION.

5. *ECOLOGICAL VALIDITY IN EXECUTIVE FUNCTION ASSESSMENT*

RECOGNIZING THE LIMITATIONS OF TRADITIONAL TESTS, THIS BOOK FOCUSES ON BEHAVIORAL ASSESSMENT METHODS THAT

REFLECT REAL-WORLD EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONING CHALLENGES FACED BY INDIVIDUALS WITH DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME. IT DISCUSSES INNOVATIVE APPROACHES SUCH AS NATURALISTIC OBSERVATION AND PERFORMANCE-BASED TASKS. THE CONTENT IS VALUABLE FOR BOTH RESEARCHERS AND CLINICIANS.

6. THE DYSEXECUTIVE QUESTIONNAIRE (DEX): A GUIDE TO BEHAVIORAL ASSESSMENT

DEDICATED TO THE WIDELY USED DYSEXECUTIVE QUESTIONNAIRE, THIS GUIDE PROVIDES AN IN-DEPTH LOOK AT ITS DEVELOPMENT, SCORING, AND INTERPRETATION IN BEHAVIORAL ASSESSMENT. IT OFFERS PRACTICAL ADVICE ON INTEGRATING DEX RESULTS WITH OTHER NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL DATA. THE BOOK ALSO REVIEWS RESEARCH FINDINGS RELATED TO THE QUESTIONNAIRE'S VALIDITY AND RELIABILITY.

7. ASSESSING EXECUTIVE DYSFUNCTION: CLINICAL AND RESEARCH PERSPECTIVES

THIS BOOK COMBINES CLINICAL INSIGHTS WITH RESEARCH EVIDENCE TO PRESENT BEHAVIORAL ASSESSMENT METHODS FOR EXECUTIVE DYSFUNCTION, INCLUDING DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME. IT COVERS A RANGE OF ASSESSMENT TOOLS, FROM STRUCTURED INTERVIEWS TO COMPUTERIZED TASKS, AND DISCUSSES THEIR STRENGTHS AND LIMITATIONS. THE TEXT IS DESIGNED TO SUPPORT BOTH CLINICAL PRACTICE AND ACADEMIC STUDY.

8. REHABILITATION OF EXECUTIVE DISORDERS: BEHAVIORAL ASSESSMENT AND INTERVENTION

ADDRESSING THE CONNECTION BETWEEN ASSESSMENT AND THERAPY, THIS BOOK OUTLINES BEHAVIORAL ASSESSMENT TECHNIQUES THAT INFORM REHABILITATION STRATEGIES FOR DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME. IT EMPHASIZES INDIVIDUALIZED EVALUATION APPROACHES AND THE INTEGRATION OF ASSESSMENT FINDINGS INTO TREATMENT PLANNING. THE AUTHORS INCLUDE CASE EXAMPLES THAT HIGHLIGHT SUCCESSFUL REHABILITATION OUTCOMES.

9. PRACTICAL NEUROPSYCHOLOGY OF EXECUTIVE DYSFUNCTION

THIS PRACTICAL GUIDE FOCUSES ON THE BEHAVIORAL ASSESSMENT OF EXECUTIVE DYSFUNCTION WITHIN NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL PRACTICE, INCLUDING THE DYSEXECUTIVE SYNDROME. IT PROVIDES STEP-BY-STEP INSTRUCTIONS FOR ADMINISTERING AND INTERPRETING KEY ASSESSMENT TOOLS AND DISCUSSES BEHAVIORAL INDICATORS OF EXECUTIVE DEFICITS. THE BOOK IS AIMED AT PRACTITIONERS SEEKING TO ENHANCE THEIR DIAGNOSTIC ACCURACY AND PATIENT CARE.

Behavioural Assessment Of The Dysexecutive Syndrome

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